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Conditional compilation and Db2 DCLGEN

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I first mentioned conditional compilation in a 2017 blog called [COBOL 6.2 goodies](#). I didn't say much about it because frankly, I lacked the imagination to come up with a plausible use case for using this feature. I could think of unlikely cases such as wanting to compile the same code for execution under CICS or IMS, but I didn't see a burning demand for such a feature.

Recently, I was made aware of a situation that turned out to be an ideal candidate for conditional compilation.

The problem

Many of our COBOL programs read flat file unloads of our Db2 tables. The layout of the file is usually identical to the COBOL part of the Db2 DCLGEN member that was generated for the table, so the path of least resistance was to include the DCLGEN member in the COBOL program. Until recently that meant using the SQL INCLUDE statement and the Db2 precompiler to resolve the external reference. You couldn't bring it in via the COBOL COPY statement because the DECLARE TABLE part of the DCLGEN member is not valid COBOL syntax. The precompiler took care of that by commenting out the DECLARE TABLE in its modified COBOL code. [For those of you who don't write code every day, here is an example of a copy member created by the DCLGEN utility]¹:

```

D999          TDBP.C.P.BASE0.CPY(LDASHFHT) - 01.00          Columns 00001 0008
Command ==> |
***** Top of Data *****
000001          * DCLGEN TABLE(VDASHFHT)
000002          * LIBRARY(DAST.NFHIST.DCLGEN(LDASHFHT))
000003          * ACTION(REPLACE)
000004          * LANGUAGE(COBOL)
000005          * QUOTE
000006          * ... IS THE DCLGEN COMMAND THAT MADE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS
000007          *
000008          * EXEC SQL DECLARE VDASHFHT TABLE
000009          *   (
000010          *     ACCOUNT-NUM          DECIMAL(5, 0) NOT NULL,
000011          *     EVENT-D            DATE NOT NULL,
000012          *     EVENT-PROC-TS       TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
000013          *     EVENT-ID           DECIMAL(3, 0) NOT NULL,
000014          *     EVENT-SEQ-NUM      DECIMAL(3, 0) NOT NULL,
000015          *     LOGON-ID         CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
000016          *     SUPV-LOGON-ID    CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
000017          *     HISTORY-VALUE     VARCHAR(254) NOT NULL
000018          *   ) END-EXEC.
000019
000020          * *****
000021          * COBOL DECLARATION FOR TABLE VDASHFHT
000022          * *****
000023          * 01 DCLVDASHFHT.
000024          *   10 BRANCH-NUM          PIC S9(5)V USAGE COMP-3.
000025          *   10 ACCOUNT-NUM        PIC S9(7)V USAGE COMP-3.
000026          *   10 EVENT-D            PIC X(10).
000027          *   10 EVENT-PROC-TS       PIC X(26).
000028          *   10 EVENT-ID           PIC S9(3)V USAGE COMP-3.
000029          *   10 EVENT-SEQ-NUM      PIC S9(3)V USAGE COMP-3.
000030          *   10 LOGON-ID         PIC X(8).
000031          *   10 SUPV-LOGON-ID     PIC X(8).
000032          *   10 HISTORY-VALUE     PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP.
000033          *   40 HISTORY-VALUE-TEXT PIC X(254).
000034          * *****
000035          * THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS DESCRIBED BY THIS DECLARATION IS 9
000036          * *****
000037

```

This created a problem because in order to use the Db2 precompiler you had to choose an Endeavor processor that was designed for Db2. The Db2 precompiler creates a DBRM when a DCLGEN generated member in INCLUDE'd, even if there are no other SQL statements in the program. Binding such a DBRM into a package was wasted processing, as the package would never be executed. (i.e. DECLARE TABLE is not an executable SQL statement).

The game changed recently when we migrated to COBOL 6.2. For more information, see [COBOL 6.2: something else you need to know](#).

One of the new capabilities enabled by using the SQL Coprocessor was the ability to use the COBOL COPY verb to bring in DCLGEN generated members. If SQL("APOSTSQL,VERSION(Annnnnn)") is in effect the compiler accepts DECLARE TABLE as valid syntax instead of rejecting it. However, this did not address the drawback of generating unnecessary and useless DBRMs just because there is a DECLARE TABLE statement in the program..

One possible solution is to perform major surgery on the DCLGEN generated member. The COBOL portion of the member could be segregated into a separate member and the flat file program can bring it in via COPY and the compile can run with SQL(NO), which of course suppresses the creation of a DBRM member.

Conditional compilation

A dive into the COBOL manual suggested another solution: conditional compilation. Specifically, to exploit the existence of a special variable that is set when SQL("APOSTSQL,VERSION(Annnnnn)") is used as a compile option. First, the program has to be changed to use COPY in lieu of SQL INCLUDE:

```

000016          WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
000017
000018          COPY          LDASHFHT.
000019

```

Once this is done, a trivial change to the DCLGEN generated member is all that is required to exploit the special variable:

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- November 2022
- October 2022
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- August 2022
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- June 2022
- May 2022
- April 2022
- March 2022
- February 2022
- January 2022
- December 2021
- November 2021
- October 2021
- September 2021
- August 2021
- July 2021
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- May 2021
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```

0999 ISREDDE2 T.LEAHYD2.CPY(LDASHFHT) - 01.02          Columns 00001 00000
Command ==>                                           Scroll ==> CSR
***** Top of Data *****
000001      >>IF SQL
000002      * DCLGEN TABLE(VDASHFHT)
000003      * LIBRARY(DAST.NFHIST.DCLGEN(LDASHFHT))
000004      * ACTION(REPLACE)
000005      * LANGUAGE(COBOL)
000006      * QUOTE
000007      * ... IS THE DCLGEN COMMAND THAT MADE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS
000008      * *****
000009      EXEC SQL DECLARE VDASHFHT TABLE
000010      ( BRANCH_NUM          DECIMAL(5, 0) NOT NULL,
000011      ACCOUNT_NUM         DECIMAL(7, 0) NOT NULL,
000012      SUPV_LOGON_ID        CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
000013      HISTORY_VALUE        VARCHAR(254) NOT NULL
000014      )
000015      ) END-EXEC.
000016      >>END-IF
000017      * COBOL DECLARATION FOR TABLE VDASHFHT
000018      * *****
000019      01 DCLVDASHFHT.
000020      10 BRANCH-NUM          PIC S9(5)V USAGE COMP-3.
000021      10 ACCOUNT-NUM        PIC S9(7)V USAGE COMP-3.
000022      10 EVENT-D            PIC X(10).
000023      10 EVENT-PROC-TS     PIC X(26).
000024      10 EVENT-ID          PIC S9(3)V USAGE COMP-3.
000025      10 EVENT-SEQ-NUM    PIC S9(3)V USAGE COMP-3.
000026      10 LOGON-ID         PIC X(8).
000027      10 SUPV-LOGON-ID     PIC X(8).
000028      10 HISTORY-VALUE     PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP.
000029      49 HISTORY-VALUE-LEN PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP.
000030      49 HISTORY-VALUE-TEXT PIC X(254).
000031      * THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS DESCRIBED BY THIS DECLARATION IS 9
000032      * *****
000033      * *****
000034      * *****
000035      * *****
000036      * *****
000037      * *****
000038      * *****
000039      * *****

```

The >>IF SQL statement means that the code between the >>IF and the >>END-IF is only included in the program if SQL("APOSTSQL,VERSION(Annnnnn)") is used to compile the program. This is of course the option that you would choose if your program actually accesses the Db2 table via SQL statements. You can see the evidence in the compile listing:

```

0999 USST.LEAHYD2.TESTSQL1.LIST
Command ==>
000016      WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
000017      copy LDASHFHT.
000018      >>IF SQL
000019      * DCLGEN TABLE(VDASHFHT)
000020      * LIBRARY(DAST.NFHIST.DCLGEN(LDASHFHT))
000021      * ACTION(REPLACE)
000022      * LANGUAGE(COBOL)
000023      * QUOTE
000024      * ... IS THE DCLGEN COMMAND THAT MADE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS
000025      * *****
000026      EXEC SQL DECLARE VDASHFHT TABLE
000027      ( BRANCH_NUM          DECIMAL(5, 0) NOT NULL,
000028      ACCOUNT_NUM         DECIMAL(7, 0) NOT NULL,
000029      EVENT_D            DATE NOT NULL,
000030      EVENT_PROC_TS     TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
000031      EVENT_ID          DECIMAL(3, 0) NOT NULL,
000032      EVENT_SEQ_NUM    DECIMAL(3, 0) NOT NULL,
000033      LOGON_ID         CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
000034      SUPV_LOGON_ID     CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
000035      HISTORY_VALUE     VARCHAR(254) NOT NULL
000036      ) END-EXEC.
000037      >>END-IF
000038      * COBOL DECLARATION FOR TABLE VDASHFHT
000039      * *****
000040      01 DCLVDASHFHT.
000041      10 BRANCH-NUM          PIC S9(5)V USAGE COMP-3.
000042      10 ACCOUNT-NUM        PIC S9(7)V USAGE COMP-3.
000043      10 EVENT-D            PIC X(10).
000044      10 EVENT-PROC-TS     PIC X(26).
000045      10 EVENT-ID          PIC S9(3)V USAGE COMP-3.
000046      10 EVENT-SEQ-NUM    PIC S9(3)V USAGE COMP-3.
000047      10 LOGON-ID         PIC X(8).
000048      10 SUPV-LOGON-ID     PIC X(8).
000049      10 HISTORY-VALUE     PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP.
000050      49 HISTORY-VALUE-LEN PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP.
000051      49 HISTORY-VALUE-TEXT PIC X(254).
000052      * THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS DESCRIBED BY THIS DECLARATION IS 9
000053      * *****
000054      * *****
000055      * *****
000056      * *****

```

To compile a program that only reads the flat file data from the Db2 table, all you have to do is to replace the SQL INCLUDE with COPY as shown in the first example and choose a non-Db2 Endeavor processor when you compile the program. This will compile without SQL("APOSTSQL,VERSION(Annnnnn)"), and the "SQL" variable will be set to false at compile time. The DECLARE TABLE will not be included in the code. The compiler makes this really obvious because instead of omitting the DECLARE TABLE from the listing, it is shown commented out:

```

000018      COPY LDASHFHT.
000019      >>IF SQL
000020      * DCLGEN TABLE(VDASHFHT)
000021      * LIBRARY(DAST.NFHIST.DCLGEN(LDASHFHT))
000022      * ACTION(REPLACE)
000023      * LANGUAGE(COBOL)
000024      * QUOTE
000025      * ... IS THE DCLGEN COMMAND THAT MADE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS
000026      * *****
000027      EXEC SQL DECLARE VDASHFHT TABLE
000028      ( BRANCH_NUM          DECIMAL(5, 0) NOT NULL,
000029      ACCOUNT_NUM         DECIMAL(7, 0) NOT NULL,
000030      EVENT_D            DATE NOT NULL,
000031      EVENT_PROC_TS     TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
000032      EVENT_ID          DECIMAL(3, 0) NOT NULL,
000033      EVENT_SEQ_NUM    DECIMAL(3, 0) NOT NULL,
000034      LOGON_ID         CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
000035      SUPV_LOGON_ID     CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
000036      HISTORY_VALUE     VARCHAR(254) NOT NULL
000037      ) END-EXEC.
000038      >>END-IF
000039      * COBOL DECLARATION FOR TABLE VDASHFHT
000040      * *****
000041      01 DCLVDASHFHT.
000042      10 BRANCH-NUM          PIC S9(5)V USAGE COMP-3.
000043      10 ACCOUNT-NUM        PIC S9(7)V USAGE COMP-3.
000044      10 EVENT-D            PIC X(10).
000045      10 EVENT-PROC-TS     PIC X(26).
000046      10 EVENT-ID          PIC S9(3)V USAGE COMP-3.
000047      10 EVENT-SEQ-NUM    PIC S9(3)V USAGE COMP-3.
000048      10 LOGON-ID         PIC X(8).
000049      10 SUPV-LOGON-ID     PIC X(8).
000050      10 HISTORY-VALUE     PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP.
000051      49 HISTORY-VALUE-LEN PIC S9(4) USAGE COMP.
000052      49 HISTORY-VALUE-TEXT PIC X(254).
000053      * THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS DESCRIBED BY THIS DECLARATION IS 9
000054      * *****
000055      * *****
000056      * *****
000057      * *****

```

Condition compilation provides a very simple way to permanently solve the unnecessary DBRM problem without creating two different versions of the a copybook that would have to be kept in sync forever.

- March 2021
- February 2021
- January 2021
- December 2020
- November 2020
- October 2020
- September 2020
- August 2020
- July 2020
- June 2020
- May 2020
- April 2020
- March 2020
- February 2020
- January 2020
- December 2019
- November 2019
- October 2019
- September 2019
- August 2019
- July 2019
- June 2019
- May 2019
- April 2019
- March 2019
- February 2019
- January 2019
- December 2018
- November 2018
- October 2018
- September 2018
- August 2018
- July 2018
- June 2018
- May 2018
- April 2018
- March 2018
- February 2018
- January 2018
- December 2017
- November 2017
- October 2017
- September 2017
- August 2017
- July 2017
- June 2017
- May 2017
- April 2017
- March 2017
- February 2017
- January 2017
- December 2016
- November 2016
- October 2016
- September 2016
- August 2016

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>>IF SQL ...>>END-IF can safely be used for all members created by DCLGEN, even when there is no intention of using the member in a non-Db2 program. I would recommend it as a coding standard, as it takes little effort, does not increase risk and has benefits. I would even go so far as to recommend to IBM that an option be added on the DCLGEN creation panel to allow the user to request the inclusion of >>IF SQL...>>END-IF when the DCLGEN member is created.

¹At the risk of sounding pedantic, DCLGEN is the name of the *command* that creates a copy member which includes the DECLARE TABLE and the equivalent COBOL declaration for the table columns. I know that common practice is to refer to the output of the DCLGEN command as a "DCLGEN", but strictly speaking that is incorrect usage. Having gotten that on the record, I have to admit to being one of those who popularized that usage back when Db2 was first introduced here at the Bank. Mea Culpa. In my defense, in those days copybooks had not been integrated into the common library TDBP.C.P.BASE0.CPY. Most applications kept their copybooks in their MASTER.SOURCE libraries. DBA attempted to keep IMS segment definitions ("segment source") in a common location, and it was thought that they would do the same for DCLGEN output. Since they referred to the IMS stuff as "segment source", it was useful in common conversation to refer to DCLGEN output as a "DCLGEN".

[Table of Contents](#)



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- [May 2016](#)
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- [March 2016](#)
- [February 2016](#)
- [January 2016](#)
- [December 2015](#)
- [November 2015](#)
- [October 2015](#)
- [September 2015](#)
- [August 2015](#)
- [July 2015](#)
- [June 2015](#)
- [May 2015](#)
- [April 2015](#)
- [March 2015](#)
- [February 2015](#)
- [January 2015](#)
- [December 2014](#)
- [November 2014](#)
- [October 2014](#)
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